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DO NOT CHANGE ANY MODULE UNLESS THE SET IS SWITCH OFF

The mains supply side of the switch mode power supply transformer is live.

Use an isolating transformer.

The receivers fulfill completely the safety requirements.

Safety precautions:

Servicing of this TV should only be carried out by a qualified person.

- Components marked with the warning symbol on the circuit diagram are critical for safety and must only be replaced with an identical component.
- Power resistor and fusable resistors must be mounted in an identical manner to the original component.
- When servicing this TV, check that the EHT does not exceed 26kV.

TV Set switched off:

Make short-circuit between HV-CRT clip and CRT ground layer.

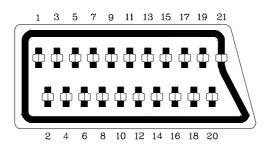
Short C804 (150mF) before changing IC802 or other components in primary side of SMPS.

Measurements:

Voltage readings and oscilloscope traces are measured under following conditions. Antenna signal 60dB from colourbar generator. (100% white, 75% colour saturation) Brightness, contrast, colour set for a normal picture.

Mains supply, 220VAC, 50Hz.

PERI-TV SOCKET



SCART 1 (SC050)	SCART 2 (SC051)

SCANT 1 (SCUS	10)		30AN 1 2 (3003	! <i>)</i>
Audio right output	0.5Vrms / 1K	1	Audio right output	0.5Vrms / 1K
Audio right input	0.5Vrms / 10K	2	Audio right input	0.5Vrms / 10K
Audio left output	0.5Vrms / 1K	3	Audio left output	0.5Vrms / 1K
Ground AF		4	Ground AF	
Ground Blue		5	Ground Blue	
Audio left input	0.5Vrms / 10K	6	Audio left input	0.5Vrms / 10K
Blue input	0.7Vpp / 75ohm	7	Blue input	0.7Vpp / 75ohm
AV switching input	0-12VDC /10K	8	AV switching input	0-12VDC /10K
Ground Green		9	Ground Green	
-		10	-	
Green input	0.7Vpp / 75ohm	11	-	
-		12	-	
Ground Red		13	Ground Red	
Ground Blanking		14	Ground Blanking	
Red input	0.7Vpp / 75ohm	15	-	
Blanking input	0-0.4VDC, 1-3VDC / 75ohm	16	-	
Ground CVS output		17	Ground CVS output	
Ground CVS input		18	Ground CVS input	
CVS output	1Vpp / 75ohm	19	CVS output	1Vpp / 75ohm
CVS input	1Vpp / 75ohm	20	CVS input	1Vpp / 75ohm
Ground		21	Ground	
	Audio right output Audio right input Audio left output Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left input Blue input AV switching input Ground Green - Green input - Ground Red Ground Blanking Red input Blanking input Ground CVS output CVS output CVS input	Audio right input Audio left output Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left input Blue input O.5Vrms / 10K Blue input O.7Vpp / 75ohm O-12VDC /10K Ground Green Ground Red Ground Blanking Red input Ground CVS output Ground CVS output CVS output CVS output 1 Vpp / 75ohm O-5Vrms / 10K O.7Vpp / 75ohm O-12VDC /10K O.7Vpp / 75ohm O-12VDC /10K O.7Vpp / 75ohm O-0.4VDC, 1-3VDC / 75ohm O-0.4VDC, 1-3VDC / 75ohm OVP / 75ohm OVP / 75ohm OVP / 75ohm OVP / 75ohm	Audio right output 0.5Vrms / 1K 1 Audio left output 0.5Vrms / 10K 2 Audio left output 0.5Vrms / 1K 3 Ground AF 4 Ground Blue 5 Audio left input 0.5Vrms / 10K 6 Blue input 0.7Vpp / 75ohm 7 AV switching input 0-12VDC / 10K 8 Ground Green 9 - 10 Green input 0.7Vpp / 75ohm 11 - 12 Ground Red 13 Ground Blanking 14 Red input 0.7Vpp / 75ohm 15 Blanking input 0-0.4VDC, 1-3VDC / 75ohm 16 Ground CVS output 17 Ground CVS input 18 CVS output 1Vpp / 75ohm 19 CVS input 1Vpp / 75ohm 20	Audio right output Audio right input O.5Vrms / 10K Audio left output Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left input O.5Vrms / 10K Ground Blue Audio left input O.7Vpp / 75ohm AV switching input Ground Green Green input O.7Vpp / 75ohm O.7Vpp / 75ohm T1 Ground Red Ground Blanking Red input O.7Vpp / 75ohm Blanking input O-0.4VDC, 1-3VDC / 75ohm Ground CVS output Ground CVS output CVS output CVS output TVpp / 75ohm 10 - CVS output CVS output CVS input D.5Vrms / 10K Audio left output Ground AF Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left output Audio right output Ground AF Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left output Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left output Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left output Ground Blue Audio left output Ground AF Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left output Ground AF Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left output To Audio left output Ground AF Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left output To Audio left output Ground AF Ground AF Ground Blue Audio left output To Ground AF To Audio Infertion To Audio Inferti

INTRODUCTION

11Ak41 is a 100Hz flicker free colour television capable of driving 28"4:3/16:9, 33"4:3 and 29"4:3 real flat picture tubes.

The chassis is capable of operation in PAL, SECAM, NTSC (playback) colour standards and multiple transmission standards as B/G, D/K, I/I', and L/L'.

Sound system output is supplying 12W (10%THD) for left, right and center outputs of 80hm speakers, and 2 x 7W for surround outputs of 2 x 40hm speakers, connected in series.

TV supports the level 1.5 teletext standard. It is possible to decode transmissions including high graphical data.

The chassis is equipped with one full EuroScart, DNE DTHER SCART for AV input/output, one front-AV input, one back-AV output, one headphone output, one SVHS input (via SCART and SVHS connector), one VGA input, two external speaker outputs (left and right), one centre speaker output, and one surround speaker output for two speakers in series.

SWITCH-MODE POWER SUPPLY (TDA16846)

A SMPS transformer controlled by the IC TDA16846, which is designed for driving, controlling, and protecting switching transistor, provides the DC voltages required at various parts of the chassis. SMPS generates the necessary 3.3V and 2.5V supplies for the micro-controller, 130V supply for the FBT, +/-16V supply for the audio amplifier, which are active in stand-by and 8V, 12V and 5V supplies for other different parts of the chassis.

When the TV is switched on, a reference voltage is provided to TDA16846 and the start-up operation occurs, then TV enters into the stand-by position.

Two optocouplers are used to control the regulation of line voltage and stand-by power consumption. There are two regulation circuits, one in primary side and one in secondary side. The primary regulation circuit provides a control voltage to pin3 of the IC. Secondary regulation circuit produces a control voltage according to the changes in 130V DC voltage, via an optocoupler (SFH617A) to pin4 of the IC.

During the switch on period of the transistor, energy is stored in the transformer. During the switch off period energy is fed to the load via secondary winding. By varying switch-on time of the power transistor, it controls each portion of energy transferred to the second side such that the output voltage remains nearly independent of load variations. At the same time, the supply voltages 12V, 8V, 5V are stabilised by the series regulators.

Features:

- Line Current Consumption with PFC
- Continuous Frequency Reduction with Decreasing Load
- Stable and Adjustable Stand-by Frequency
- Very Low Start-up Current
- Soft-Start for Quiet Start-up
- Adjustable and Voltage Dependent Ringing Suppression Time
- Synchronization and Fixed Frequency Facility
- Over- and Under-voltage Lockout
- Switch Off at Mains Under-voltage
- Mains Voltage Dependent Fold Back Point Correction
- Low Power Consumption
- Free usable Fault Comparators

Pinning:

- 1. OTC Off Time Circuit
- 2. PCS Primary Current Simulation
- 3. RZI Regulation and Zero Crossing Input
- 4. SRC Soft-Start and Regulation Capacitor
- 5. OCI Opto Coupler Input
- 6. FC2 Fault Comparator 2
- 7. SYN Synchronization Input
- 8. N. C. Not Connected
- 9. REF Reference Voltage and Current
- 10. FC1 Fault Comparator 1
- 11. PVC Primary Voltage Check
- 12. GND Ground
- 13. OUT Output
- 14. VCC Supply Voltage

IF PART (TDA4470/72)

The TDA44XX is an integrated bipolar circuit for multistandard video/sound IF (VIF/SIF) signal processing in TV/VCR and multimedia applications. The circuit processes all TV video IF signals with negative modulation (e.g., B/G standard), positive modulation (e.g., L standard) and the AM, FM/NICAM sound IF signals. Active carrier generation by FPLL (frequency phase-locked loop) is the principle for true synchronous demodulation. VCO circuit is operating on picture carrier frequency, the VCO frequency is switchable for L´-mode. AFC without external reference circuit is alignment-free and polarity of the AFC curve is switchable. VIF-AGC for negative modulated signals operates on peak sync detection principle and for positive modulation on peak white / black level detection principle. Tuner AGC is adjustable with determining take over point. It has alignment-free quasi-parallel sound (QPS) mixer for FM/NICAM sound IF signals. Intercarrier output sound is gain controlled (necessary for digital sound processing). AM-demodulator is completely alignment-free with gain controlled AF output. Operation of the AM demodulator and QPS mixer (for NICAM-L stereo sound is parallel. TDA4472 is used for negative modulation and TDA4470 is used for both negative and positive modulation.

Features:

- 5V supply voltage; low power consumption
- Active carrier generation by FPLL principle (frequency-phase-locked-loop) for true synchronous demodulation
- Very linear video demodulation, good pulse response and excellent intermodulation figures
- VCO circuit is operating on picture carrier frequency, the VCO frequency is switchable for the L' mode
- Alignment-free AFC without external reference circuit, polarity of the AFC curve is switchable
- VIF-AGC for negative modulated signals (peak sync detection) and for positive modulation (peak white/black level detector).
- Tuner AGC with adjustable take over point
- Alignment-free quasi parallel sound (QPS) mixer for FM/NICAM sound IF signals
- Intercarrier output signal is gain controlled (necessary for digital sound processing)
- Complete alignment-free AM demodulator with gain controlled AF output
- Separate SIF-AGC with average detection
- Two independent SIF inputs
- Parallel operation of the AM demodulator and QPS mixer (for NICAM-L stereo sound)
- Package and relevant pinning is compatible with the single standard version TDA 4472; simplifies the design of an universal IF module

Pinning:

1. Input sensitivity, RMS value : 80mVrms Input sensitivity, RMS value 2. : 80mVrms 3. SIF Input selector switch : 2.0 V

4. Ground

5. IF gain control range : 65dB Input sensitivity, RMS value : 80mVrms 6. Input sensitivity, RMS value : 80mVrms 7. 8. IF gain control range : 65dB

9. Ground

10. Available tuner-AGC current : 2mA

11. Available tuner-AGC current : Min: 0.3V Max: 13.5V 12. Video output : Min: 1.8V Max: 2.2V 13. Standard switch : Min : 0V Max: 0.8V 14. L' switch : Min : 0V Max: 3.0V

15. IF gain control range : 65dB

16. Ground

17. Internal reference voltage

18. FPLL and VCO : Min:1mA Max:4mA 19. AFC switch : Min : 0V Max : 0.8V 20. FPLL and VCO : Min:1mA Max:4mA : Min:1mA Max:4mA 21. FPLL and VCO

22. AFC output : 0.7 mA/kHz

: Min: 4.5V Max: 9.0V 23. DC supplay

24. DC output voltage : 2V
25. AF output-AM : 2.2V
26. FPLL and VCO : Min : 1mA Max : 4mA
27. Input sensitivity, RMS value : 80mVrms
28. Input sensitivity, RMS value : 80mVrms

TUNER

The hardware and software of the TV is suitable for tuners, supplied by different companies, which are selected from the Service Menu. These tuners can be combined VHF, UHF tuners suitable for CCIR systems B/G, H, L, L', I/I', and D/K. The tuning is available through the digitally controlled I2C bus (PLL). Below you will find info on one of the Tuners in use.

General description of UV1316:

The UV1316 tuner belongs to the UV 1300 family of tuners, which are designed to meet a wide range of applications. It is a combined VHF, UHF tuner suitable for CCIR systems B/G, H, L, L', I and I'. The low IF output impedance has been designed for direct drive of a wide variety of SAW filters with sufficient suppression of triple transient.

Features of UV1316:

- Member of the UV1300 family small sized UHF/VHF tuners
- Systems CCIR: B/G, H, L, L', I and I'; OIRT: D/K
- Digitally controlled (PLL) tuning via I2C-bus
- Off-air channels, S-cable channels and Hyperband
- World standardised mechanical dimensions and world standard pinning
- Compact size
- Complies to "CENELEC EN55020" and "EN55013"

Gain control voltage (AGC) : 4.0V, Max:4.5V

2. Tuning voltage

3. I²C-bus address select : Max:5.5V

4. I²C-bus serial clock : Min:-0.3V, Max:5.5V 5. I²C-bus serial data : Min:-0.3V, Max:5.5V

6. Not connected

7. PLL supply voltage : 5.0V, Min:4.75V, Max:5.5V

8. ADC input

9. Tuner supply voltage : 33V, Min:30V, Max:35V

10. Symmetrical IF output 111. Symmetrical IF output 2

SAW FILTERS

K9453: Two channels switchable sound IF saw filter of BG, DK, I, L systems for input channel 2 and of L' system for input channel 1.

K3953: Two channel switchable video IF saw filter of BG, DK, I, L systems for input channel 2 and of L'

system for input channel 1.

J3950: Video IF saw filter for I system

DIGITAL TV SOUND PROCESSING MSP3410D

The MSP3410D is an I2C controlled single-chip multistandard sound processor for applications in analog and digital TV sets. The full TV sound processing, starting with analog sound IF signal-in, down to processed analog AF-out is performed in a single-chip covering all European TV-standards. It is designed to simultaneously perform digital demodulation and decoding of NICAM-coded TV stereo sound, as well as demodulation of FM-mono TV sound and two FM systems according to the German or Korean terrestrial specs. It is also possible to do AM-demodulation according to the SECAM system. There is AGC for analog inputs: 0.14 - 3Vpp. All demodulation and filtering is performed on chip and is individually programmable. All digital NICAM standards (B/G, L, and I) are realised. Only one crystal clock (18.432Mhz) is necessary. External capacitors at each crystal pin to ground are required. They are necessary for tuning the open-loop frequency of the internal PLL and for stabilising the frequency in closed-loop operation. The higher the capacitors, the lower the clock frequency result. The nominal free running frequency should match the centre of the tolerance range between 18.433 and 18.431Mhz as closely as possible. By means of standardised I2S interface, additional feature processors (DPL35xx, Dolby Prologic processor for this chassis) can be connected to the IC. I2S bus interface consists of five pins:

I2S_DA_IN1...2 for input four channels (two channels per line) per sampling cycle (32Khz).

I2DA_OUT, for output, two channels per sampling cycle (32KHz).
I2S_CL, for timing of the transmission of I2S serial data, 1.024Mhz.
I2S_WS, for the word strobe line defining the left and right sample.

Features:

- 5-band graphic equalizer (as in MSP3400C)
- Enhanced spatial affect (pseudo stereo / base-width enlargement as in MSP3400C)
- Headphone channel with balance, bass treble, loudness
- Balance for loudspeaker and headphone channels in dB units (optional)
- Additional pair of D/A converters for SCART2 out
- Improved over-sampling filters (as in MSP 3400C)
- Additional SCART input
- Full SCART in/out matrix without restrictions
- SCART volume in dB units (optional)
- Additional I²S input (as in MSP 3400C)
- New FM-identification (as in MSP 3400C)
- Demodulator short programming
- Auto-detection for terrestrial TV-sound standards
- Precise bit-error rate indication
- Automatic switch from NICAM to FM/AM or vice versa
- Improved NICAM synchronisation algorithm
- Improved carrier mute algorithm
- Improved AM-demodulation
- ADR together with DRP 3510A
- Dolby Pro Logic together with DPL 35xx A
- Reduction of necessary controlling
- Less external components
- Significant reduction of radiation

 ADR wordstrobe 2. Not connected 3. ADR data output 4. I2S 1 data input 5. I2S data output 6. I2S wordstrobe 7. I2S clock 8. I²S data I2S clock 9. 10. Not connected 11. Standby (low-active) 12. I2C Bus address select

14. Digital control output 1 15. Not connected 16. Not connected 17. Not connected 18. Audio clock output 19. Not connected 20. Crystal oscillator 21. Crystal oscillator

13. Digital control output 0

22. Test Pin

23. IF input 2 (if ANA_IN1+is used only, connect

24. IF common 25. IF input 1

26. Analog power supply +5V

27. Analog ground 28. Mono input

29. Reference voltage IF A/D converter

30. Scart input 1 in, right 31. Scart input 1 in, left 32. Analog Shield Ground 2 33. Scart input 2 in, right

34. Scart input 2 in, left

Analog Shield Ground 1

36. Scart input 3 in right

37. Scart input 3 in left 38. Analog Shield Ground 4

39. Scart input 4 in. right 40. Scart input 4 in, left

41. Not connected

42. Analog reference voltage high voltage part

43. Analog ground

44. Volume capacitor MAIN 45. Analog power supply 8.0V 46. Volume capacitor AUX 47. Scart output 1, left 48. Scart output 1, right

49. Reference ground 1 high voltage part

50. Scart output 2, left 51. Scart output 2, right 52. Analog Shield Ground 3

53. Not connected 54. Not connected 55. Not connected

56. Analog output MAIN, left

57. Analog output MAIN, right to AVSS with 50 pF capacitor) 58.

58. Reference ground 2 high voltage part

59. Analog output AUX, left 60. Analog output AUX, right 61. Power-on-reset

62. Not connected 63. Not connected 64. Not connected 65. I2S2-data input 66. Digital ground

67. Digital power supply +5V

68. ADR clock

DOLBY PRO LOGIC PROCESSOR IC DPL3519A

The IC DPL3519A processor family is designed to decode Dolby encoded surround sound. The IC integrate the complete Dolby Surround Pro Logic decoding on chip without any necessary external circuitry. It designed as a coprocessor of the

It gets digitised sound from the audio processor IC MSP3410D for both C (centre) and S (surround) channels, and for both L (left) and R (right) channels. The analog L and R outputs are supplied by MSP3410D, while the analog S and C outputs are supplied by the DPL33519A.

Two I2S busses obtain synchronisation between the MSP and DPL:

I2S_CL; for timing of the transmission of I2S serial data 1.024Mhz and I2S_WS; The word strobe line defining the left and right sample at 32Khz. The IC is also I2C bus controlled to select the sound feature (Stereo, 3D-Phonic and Dolby Pro Logic).

Pinning:

1. Not connected 2. Not connected 3. Not connected 4. I2S1 data input 5. I2S1 data output 6. 12S wordstrobe 7. I2S clock 8. I2C data 9. I2C clock 10. Not connected 11. Standby (low-active) 12. I2C-Bus address select

13. Digital control IO 0

14. Digital control IO 1

15. Not connected

16. Not connected

17. Not connected

18. Audio clock output

19. Digital control input

20. Crystal oscillator

21. Crystal oscillator

22. Test pin

23. Not connected

24. Not connected

25. Not connected

26. Analog power supply +5 V

27. Analog ground 28. Mono input

29. Reference voltage

30. Scart input 1 in, right

31. Scart input 1 in, left
32. Analog Shield Ground 1
33. Scart input 2 in, right
50. Scart output 2, left
51. Scart output 2, right
52. Analog Shield Ground 3

34. Scart input 2 in, left

35. Analog Shield Ground 2

36. Scart input 3 in, right

57. Not connected

58. Not connected

59. Not connected

Scart input 3 in, left
 Analog output Channel 1, left
 Analog Shield Ground 4
 Not connected
 Not connected
 Not connected
 Analog output Channel 1, right
 Reference ground 2 high voltage part
 Not connected
 Analog output Channel 2, left
 Not connected
 Analog output Channel 2, right

42. Analog reference voltage high voltage part
43. Analog ground
44. Volume capacitor Channel1
45. Analog power supply 8.0 V
61. Power-on-reset
62. Not connected
63. Not connected
64. I2S2-data output

46. Volume capacitor Channel 2

47. Scart output 1, left

48. I2S2-data output

49. I2S2-data output

65. I2S2-data input

66. Digital ground

48. Scart output 1, right 67. Digital power supply +5 V

49. Reference ground 1 high voltage part 68. Not connected

HEADPHONE OUTPUT

TDA1308

The TDA1308 is an integrated class AB stereo headphone driver. It gets its input from two analog audio outputs (DACA_L and DACA_R) of MSP3410D. The gain of the output is adjustable by the feedback resistor between the inputs and outputs.

Features:

- Wide temperature range
- No switch ON/OFF clicks
- Excellent power supply ripple rejection
- Low power consumption
- Short-circuit resistant
- High performance high signal-to-noise ratio

high slew ratelow distortion

Large output voltage swing

Pinning:

Output A (Voltage swing) : Min : 0.75V, Max : 4.25V
 Inverting input A : Vo(clip) : Min : 1400mVrms

3. Non-inverting input A : 2.5V

4. Ground

5. Non-inverting input B : 2.5V

6. Inverting input B : Vo(clip): Min: 1400mVrms
7. Output B (Voltage swing) : Min: 0.75V, Max: 4.25V
8. Positive supply : 5V, Min: 3.0V, Max: 7.0V

AUDIO OUTPUT

TDA7265

The TDA7265 is a 25W+25W stereo sound amplifier with mute/stand-by facility. STPA control signal coming from microcontroller (when it is at high level) activates the mute function. IC is muted when mute port is at low level. Two stereo audio signals coming from audio module is injected to the inputs of the IC and a power of 12Wrms (10%) is obtained. An external popnoise circuitry pulls AF inputs of the IC in order to eliminate pop noise when TV is turned on or off via mains supply connection. It is possible to adjust the gain of the amplifiers by feedback external resistors.

Features:

- Wide supply voltage range (up to 50V ABS Max.)
- Split supply
- High output power: 25+25 W @ TDA = 10%, RL = 80hm, VS = ±20V
- No pop at turn-on / off
- Mute (pop free)
- Stand-By feature (low IQ)
- Few external components
- Thermal overload protection
- Adjustable gain via an external resistor

- 1. Output (1)
- 2. +Vs
- 3. Output (2)
- 4. Mute / St-By
- 5. -Vs
- 6. Input (2)
- 7. Ground
- 8. Input (1)

VIDEO INPUT AND OUTPUT SOURCE SWITCHING

TEA6415C

Video switching is performed by the I2C controlled IC TEA6415C with a gain of 0dB. Inputs to the video switch are IF_CVBS, three SCART video signals, front-AV video signal, SVHS luma signal, and one of SC1_R or SVHS_C. Outputs of the video switch are three SCART video signals (SC1_OUT_V and SC3_OUT_V are the same), one video output for the PIP module, Chroma signal (C), and luma (Y) or CVBS signal.

Features:

- 20 MHz Bandwith
- Cascadable with another TEA6415C (Internal address can be changed by pin 7 voltage)
- 8 inputs (CVBS, RGB, Mac, CHROMA, ...)
- 6 Outputs
- Possibility of MAC or chroma signal for each input by switching-off the clamp with an external resistor bridge
- Bus controlled
- 6.5dB gain between any input and output
- -55dB crosstaljk at 5MHz
- Fully ESD protected

Pinning:

Input	:	Max	: 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max	: 3mA
Data	:	Low level	: -0.3V Max : 1.5V,	
		High level	: 3.0V Max : Vcc+0.5V	
Input	:	Max	: 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max	: 3mA
Clock	:	Low level	: -0.3V Max : 1.5V,	
		High level	: 3.0V Max : Vcc+0.5V	
Input	:	Max	: 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max	: 3mA
Input	:	Max	: 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max	: 3mA
Prog				
Input	:	Max	: 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max	: 3mA
Vcc	:	12V		
Input	:	Max	: 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max	: 3mA
Input	:	Max	: 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max	: 3mA
Ground				
Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min: 4.5Vpp	
Output			Min: 4.5Vpp	
Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min: 4.5Vpp	
Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min: 4.5Vpp	
Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min: 4.5Vpp	
Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min: 4.5Vpp	
Ground				
Input	:	Max	: 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max	: 3mA
	Input Clock Input Input Input Prog Input Vcc Input Input Ground Output Ordination	Data : Input : Clock : Input : Input : Input : Prog Input : Vcc : Input : Input : Output :	Data : Low level High level Input : Max Clock : Low level High level Input : Max Input : Max Prog Input : Max Vcc : 12V Input : Max Input : Max Input : Max Input : Max Ground Output : 5.5Vpp, O	Data : Low level : -0.3V Max : 1.5V, High level : 3.0V Max : Vcc+0.5V Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Clock : Low level : -0.3V Max : 1.5V, High level : 3.0V Max : Vcc+0.5V Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Prog Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Vcc : 12V Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Input : Max : 2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max Input : 5.5Vpp, Min : 4.5Vpp Output : 5.5Vpp, Min : 4.5Vpp

VIDEO OUTPUT AMPLIFIER STAGE

TDA6111Q

The TDA6111Q is a video output amplifier with 16Mhz bandwidth. It has a high slew rate. Automatic black-current stabilisation is possible by black-current measurement output. It has two cathode outputs: one for DC currents and one for transient currents. A feedback output is separated from the cathode outputs. An internal protection exists against positive appearing cathode-ray-tube flashover discharges with ESD protection.

Features:

- High bandwidth and slew rate
- Black-current measurement output for Automatic Black-current Stabilisation (ABS)
- Two cathode outputs; one for DC currents, and one for transient currents
- A feedback output separated from the cathode outputs
- Internal protection against positive appearing cathode-ray Tube (CRT) flashover discharges
- ESD protection
- Simple application with a variety of colour decoders
- Differential input with a designed maximum common mode input capacitance of 3pF, a maximum differential mode input capacitance of 0.5 pF and a differential input voltage temperature drift of 50 uV/K
- Defined switch-off behaviour.

- 1. Non-inverting voltage input
- 2. Supply voltage LOW
- 3. Inverting voltage input
- 4. Ground, substrate
- 5. Black current measurement output
- 6. Supply voltage HIGH
- 7. Cathode transient voltage output
- 8. Cathode CD voltage output
- 9. Feedback voltage output

VERTICAL OUTPUT STAGE

TDA9379FA

The IC TDA9379FA is the vertical deflection booster circuit. Two supply voltages, +12V and -12V are needed to scan the inputs VERT+ and VERT-, respectively. And a third supply voltage, +45V for the flyback limiting are needed. The vertical deflection coil is connected in series between the output and feedback to the input.

Features:

- Power Amplifier
- Thermal Protection
- Output Current up to 2.6App
- Flyback Voltage up to 90V
- External Flyback Supply

Pinning:

- 1. Inverting Input
- 2. Supply Voltage
- 3. Flyback Supply
- 4. GND or Negative Supply
- 5. Output
- 6. Output Stage Supply
- 7. Non-inverting Input

TVTEXT CONTROLLER (SDA5550M)

The SDA5550M is a single chip teletext decoder for decoding World System Teletext data as well as Video Programming System (VPS), Program Delivery Control (PDC), and Wide Screen Signalling (WSS) data used for PAL plus transmissions (Line 23). The device provides an integrated general-purpose, fully 8051-compatible Microcontroller with television specific hardware features. Microcontroller has been enhanced to provide powerful features such as memory banking, data pointers, and additional interrupts etc. The on-chip display unit for displaying Level 1.5 teletext data can also be used for customer defined on screen displays. Internal XRAM consists of up to17 Kbytes. AK41 has the version without internal ROM. This device can support external memory up to 1Mbyte ROM and RAM.TVTEXT Controller contains a data slicer for VPS, WSS, PDC and TXT, an acceleration acquisition hardware module, a display generator for Level 1.5 TXT and powerful On screen Display capabilities based on parallel attributes, and pixel oriented characters (DRCS). The 8 bit Microcontroller operates at 360nsec cycle time (min). Controller with dedicated hardware does most of the internal TXT acquisition processing, transfer data to/from external memory interface and receives/transmits data via I² C-firmware user interface. SDA5550M is realized in 0.25 micron technology with 2.5V supply voltage and 3.3V I/O compatible.

The IC produces the following input or output control signals; AGC_CON, MODE_SW, L/L', PIP_MODS, PIP_SEL, ON/OFF (stand-by), SC1..3 IN AV (pin 8 information from 3 SCARTs), AFC, MUTE (to mute audio output IC), I2CEN.

Features:

■ Genaral

- Feature selection via special function register
- Simultaneous reception of TXT, VPS, PDC and WSS (Line 23)
- Supply Voltage 2.5 and 3.3V
- P-MQFP100 Package

■ Microcontroller

- Single external 6Mhz crystal, all necessary clocks are generated internally
- CPU speed selectable via special function registers
- Normal mode 33.33 MHz CPU clock, Power Save mode 8.33MHz
- 8 bit 8051 instruction set compatible CPU
- 360 ns minumum instruction cycle

- Two 16 bit timers, Watchdog timer
- PWM unit (2 channels 14 bit, 6 channels 8 bit)
- ADC (4 channels, 8 bit), UART
- I² C interface

■ Memory

- Non-multiplexed 8-bit data and 16 (up to 20) bit address bus
- Memory banking up to 1Mbyte
- Eight 16 bit data pointer registers (DPTR)
- 256 bytes on-chip internal RAM
- 128 bytes extended stack memory
- 16 Kbytes Extended RAM for Display Memory

■ Display

- ROM character set supports all East/West European Languages
- Parallel display attributes
- Single/Double Width/Height of characters
- Variable flash rate
- Programmable screen size
- Up to 16 colours per DRCS character
- Shadowing
- Support of Progressive Scan and 100Hz
- Contrast Reduction

■ Ports

- One 8 bit I/O port with open drain output and optional I²C Bus emulation support (Port 1)
- Two 8 bit multifunction I/O ports (Port1, Port3)
- One 4 bit port operating as digital or analog inputs for ADC (Port 2)
- One 2 bit I/O port with secondary functions (P4.2, 4.3, 4.7)
- One 4 bit I/O port with secondary functions (P4.0, 4.1, 4.4)

SERIAL ACCESS 32K EEPROM (24LC32-W)

It is the 32Kbit electrically erasable programmable memory. The memory is compatible with the I2C standard, two wire serial interface, which uses a bi-directional data bus and serial clock.

Features:

- Single supply with 3.3V (operation down to 2.5V)
- Compatible with I2C extended addressing
- 2-wire I2C serial interface supports 100kHz protocol
- Self-timed ERASE and WRITE cycles
- Power on/off data protection circuitry
- Hardware write protect
- 1,000,000 Erase/Write cycles guaranteed
- 32-byte page or byte writes modes available
- Schmidt trigger filtered inputs for noise suppression
- Output slope control to eliminate ground bounce
- 2 ms typical write cycle time, byte or page
- Electrostatic discharge protection > 4000V
- Data retention > 200 years
- 8-pin PDIP and SOIC packages

Pinning:

- 1. E0 User Configurable Chip Select
- 2. E1 User Configurable Chip Select
- 3. E2 User Configurable Chip Select
- 4. Vss Ground
- 5. SDA Serial Address/Data I/O
- 6. SCL Serial Clock
- 7. WC Write Protect Input
- 8. Vcc +2.5V to 6.0V Power Supply

EPROM (M27W401)

The M27W401 is a low voltage 4Mbit EPROM (UV erasable). It is ideally suited for micro processor systems requiring large data or program storage and is organised as 522,288 by 8 bits. The M27W401 operates in the read mode with a supply voltage as low as 2.7V at –40 to 85°C temperature range.

Features:

- Organisation 512K x 8
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Operationally Compatible with Existing Megabit EPROMs
- Industry Standard 32-pinDual-in-line Package
- All inputs/Outputs Fully TTL Compatible
- 8-Bit Output for Use in Microprocessor-Based Systems
- Power Saving CMOS Technology
- 3-State Output Buffers
- 400 mV Minimum DC Noise Immunity with Standard TTL Loads
- Latch up immunity of 250mA on all input and output pins
- No pull-up resistors required
- Low power dissipation

100Hz FEATURE BOX

VPC3215, CIP3250, SDA9400, DDP3310

The feature box consists of four I²C controlled ICs:

Video Processor VPC3215
Component Interface Processor CIP3250
Digital Image Processor SDA9400
Digital Deflection Processor DDP3310

The input supplies to the feature box are +12V, +5V. The ICs do also need a supply of 3.3V, which is regulated by IC4 LM314.

Besides the composite video in normal operation and luma/chroma inputs in the SVHS applications, there are also R-G-B-FB inputs from the PIP module.

OSD R-G-B-FB inputs from the Megatext IC or from the controller in the case of TV-text option. While the 50Hz sync signals for PIP are supplied by the VPC3215, the 100Hz sync signals for OSD are supplied by the DDP3310. Control signals for HV stage such as VertQ, Vert, HDrive, EW (East-West) and SVM (Scan Velocity Modulation) are produced by this module. VProt and HProt input signals are used for protection. There are also a flyback sample signal from HV stage and the sense signal from the CRT board.

The feature box also supports the VGA mode.

VPC32X5 (Video Processor)

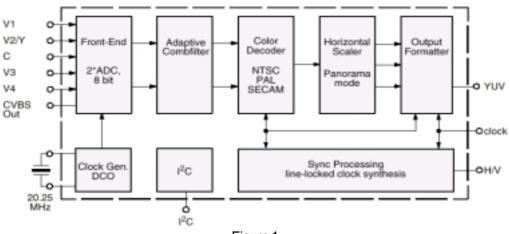


Figure 1

As seen in figure 1 all the processings in VPC are digital. This IC has four composite, one SVHS input, and one composite output which is used for teletext. In AK28 the main video input is Vin2, which is also used for luma input in SVHS applications.

After switching the inputs the signals are converted to digital via two 8 bit ADCs. And these digital data are processed to produce the 4:2:2 formatted digital YUV signals. The main features are, multi-standard color decoding including all sub-standards, multi-standard sync processing, adaptive 4H comb filter, linear horizontal scaling, as well as nonlinear horizontal scaling (panorama vision.) It provides 50Hz vertical and 15625Hz horizontal sync signals for the PIP module.

Features:

- all-digital video processing
- high-performance adaptive 4H comb filter Y/C separator with adjustable vertical peaking
- multi-standard color decoder PAL/NTSC/SECAM including all substandards
- 4 composite, 1 S-VHS input, 1 composite output
- integrated high-quality A/D converters and associated clamp and AGC circuits
- multi-standard sync processing
- linear horizontal scaling (0.25 ... 4), as well as non-linear horizontal scaling 'panorama vision'
- PAL+ preprocessing (VPC 3215)
- line-locked clock, data and sync output (VPC 3215)
- display/deflection control (VPC 3205)
- submicron CMOS technology
- I²C-Bus Interface
- one 20.25 MHz crystal, few external components
- 68-pin PLCC package

Pinning:

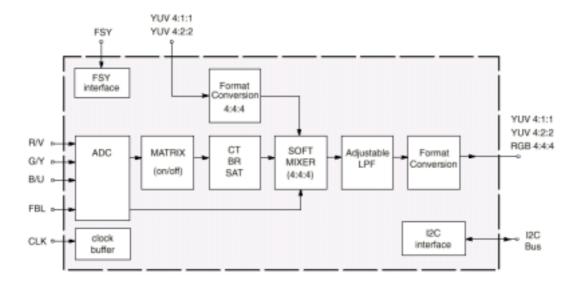
1	Ground	35.	Ground
2	Ground	36.	Supply Voltage
3	5 MHz Clock Out	3847.	Picture Bus Chroma
4	Standby Supply Volt	4850.	Picture Bus Priority
5	Analog Crystal Out	51.	Ground
6	Analog Crystal In	52.	VGAV Input
7	Ground	53.	Front-End/ Back-End Data
9	Ground	54.	Reset Input, Active Low
10	Interlace Out	55.	I ² C Bus Data
12	Vertical Sync Pulse	56.	I ² C Bus Clock
13	Front Sync Pulse	57.	Test Pin, connect to GND
14	Main Sync/Horiz Sync Pulse	58.	Video 4 Analog Input
15	Helper Line Output	59.	Ground
16.	Horz Clamp Pulse	60.	Video 3 Analog Input
17.	Active Video Out	61.	Video 2 Analog Input
18.	Double Output Clock	62.	Video 1 Analog Input
19.	Output Clock	63.	Chroma/ Video 4 Analog Input
20	.29. Picture Bus Luma	64.	Analog Video Output
26.	Ground	65.	Analog Shield GND F
27.	Not Connected	66.	Supply Voltage, Analog Front-End
30.	Main Clock Output 20.25 MHz	67.	Signal Ground for Analog Input
31.	Supply Volt	68.	Reference Voltage Top, Analog
34.	Ground		

CIP3250:

The IC is used to interface the analog input, which is output from the PIP module (SCART RGB or PIP RGB). As can be seen from the block diagram, there is a CT-BR-SAT block, which is used for luma contrast, brightness, hue, and color saturation correction. The soft mixer is controlled by the fast blank signal.

Features:

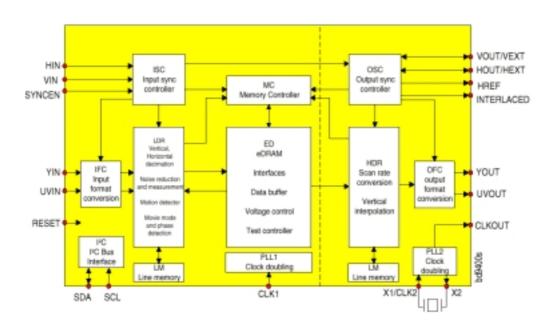
- analog input for RGB or YUV and Fast Blank
- triple 8 bit analog to digital converters for RGB/YUV with internal programmable clamping
- single 6 bit analog to digital converter for Fast Blank signal
- digital matrix RGB % YUV (Y, B–Y, R–Y)
- luma contrast and brightness correction for signals from analog input
- color saturation and hue correction for signals from analog input
- digital input for DIGIT 2000 or DIGIT 3000 formats
- digital interpolation to 4:4:4 format
- high quality soft mixer controlled by Fast Blank signal
- programmable delays to match digital YUVin and ana-log RGB/YUV
- variable low pass filters for YUV output
- digital output in DIGIT 2000 and DIGIT 3000 formats, as well as RGB 4:4:4
- I²C bus interface
- clock frequency 13.5... 20.25 MHz



- 1. Standby connect to ground
- 2...9. Blue Output
- 10...17. Green/Luma Output
- 18. Pad Ground
- 19. Pad Supply Voltage +5 V/+3.3 V
- 20...27. Red/Chroma Output
- 28. Active Video Output
- 29. Active Video Input
- 30. Front Sync Input
- 31. I²C Clock Input/Output
- 32. I²C Data Input/Output
- 33...35. Picture Bus Priority
- 33...35. 1 lotate bas 1 flor
- 36...43. Chroma Input
- 44...51. Luma Input
- 52. Digital Ground
- 53. Digital Supply Voltage +5 V

- 54. Main Clock Input
- 55. Reset Input
- 56. In Test Mode connect to ground
- 57. Analog Supply Voltage +5 V
- 58. Analog Ground
- 59. Reference External Capacitor
- 60. Substrate connect to ground
- 61. Fast Blank Input
- 62. Ground Fast Blank
- 63. Blue/U Input
- 64. Ground Blue/U
- 65. Green/Luma Input
- 66. Ground Green/Luma
- 67. Red/V Input
- 68. Ground Red/V

SDA9400:



SDA9400 converts the scan rate from 50/60 Hz to 100/120 Hz

Features:

Two input data formats

- -4:2:2 luminance and chrominance parallel (2 x 8 wires)
- -ITU-R 656 data format (8 wires)

Two different representations of input chrominance data

- -2's complement code
- -Positive dual code

Flexible input sync controller

Flexible compression of the input signal

- -Digital vertical compression of the input signal (1.0, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0)
- -Digital horizontal compression of the input signal (1.0, 2.0, 4.0)

Noise reduction

- -Motion adaptive spatial and temporal noise reduction (3D-NR)
- -Temporal noise reduction for luminance frame based or field based
- -Temporal noise reduction for chrominance field based
- -Separate motion detectors for luminance and chrominance
- -Flexible programming of the temporal noise reduction parameters
- -Automatic measurement of the noise level (5 bit value, readable by I2C bus)

3-D motion detection

- -High performance motion detector for scan rate conversion
- -Global motion detection flag (readable by I2C bus)
- -Movie mode and phase detector (readable by I²C bus)

TV mode detection by counting line numbers (PAL, NTSC, readable by I²C bus)

· Embedded memory

- -5 Mbit embedded DRAM core for field memories
- -192 kbit embedded DRAM core for line memories

· Flexible clock and synchronization concept

-Decoupling of the input and output clock system possible

Scan rate conversion

- -Motion adaptive 100/120 Hz interlaced scan conversion
- -Motion adaptive 50/60 Hz progressive scan conversion
- -Simple static interlaced and progressive conversion modes for 100/120 Hz interlaced
- or 50/60 Hz progressive scan conversion : e.g. ABAB, AABB, AA*B*B, AAAA, BBBB, AB, AA*
- -Simple progressive scan conversion with joint lines:

50 Hz -> 60, 70, 75 Hz progressive

60 Hz -> 70, 75 Hz progressive

-Large area and line flicker reduction

• Flexible digital vertical expansion of the output signal (1.0, ... [1/32] ..., 2.0)

Flexible output sync controller

- -Flexible positioning of the output signal
- -Flexible programming of the output sync raster
- -External synchronization by backend IC possible

(e.g. split screen for one TV channel with joint lines and one PC VGA channel)

Signal manipulations

- -Insertion of coloured background
- -Vertical and/or horizontal windowing with four different speed factors
- -Flash generation (for supervising applications, motion flag readable by I²C bus)
- -Still frame or field
- -Support of split screen applications
- -Multiple picture display Tuner scan (4 and 16 times for 4:3, 12 times for 16:9 tubes)
- -Support of multi picture display with PIP or front-end processor with integrated scaler
- (e.g. 9 times display of PIP pictures, picture tracking, random pictures, still-in-moving picture, moving-in-still picture)

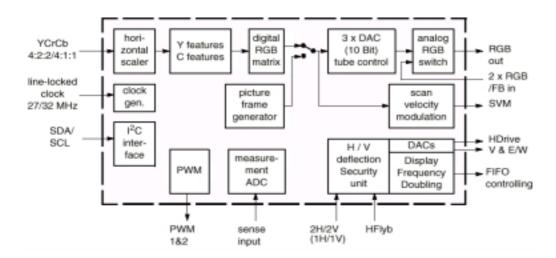
I²C-bus control (400 kHz)

• 3.3 V ± 5% supply voltage

Pinning:			
2,8,24,42,55	Supply volt (VSS=0V)	54.	System clock 1
9,25,41,56	Supply volt (VDD=3.3V)	17,,10	Data output UV
36,52,58	Supply volt (VSS=0V)	7,,3;1	;64;63 Data output Y
35,51,53,57,59	Supply volt (VDD=3.3V)	62	Horz active video out
43,,50	Data input Y	61	V-Sync out / Ext V-Sync
31,,34;37,,40	Data input UV	60	H-Sync out / Ext H-Sync
30	System reset.	18	Interlace signal vert deflection
23	H-Sync input	28	Crystal conn / System clock 2
22	V-Sync input	27	Crystal connection
29	Sync enable input	26	Clock output
21	I2C-Bus data line	19	Test input

DDP3310:

20



It is the display and deflection processor. All the horizontal and vertical stages are driven by this IC. The last controls such as contrast, brightness and saturation of the actual video signal, OSD and VGA are accomplished by the blocks in DDP. Tube measurement and SVM controls are also managed by this IC.

Features:

Video processing

- linear horizontal scaling (0.25 ... 4)
- non-linear horizontal scaling "panoramavision"

I2C-Bus clock line

- dynamic peaking
- soft limiter (gamma correction)
- color transient improvement
- programmable RGB matrix
- picture frame generator
- two analog RGB/Fast-Blank inputs

Deflection processing

- scan velocity modulation output
- high-performance H/V deflection
- EHT compensation for vertical / East/West
- soft start/stop of H-Drive
- vertical angle and bow
- differential vertical output
- vertical zoom via deflection
- horizontal and vertical protection circuit
- adjustable horizontal frequency for VGA/SVGA dis-play

Miscellaneous

- selectable 4:1:1/ 4:2:2 YC r C b input
- selectable 27/32-MHz line-locked clock input
- crystal oscillator for horizontal protection
- automatic picture tube adjustment (cutoff, white-drive)
- single 5-V power supply

- hardware for simple 50/60-Hz to 100/120-Hz con-version (display frequency doubling)
- two I2C-controlled PWM outputs
- beam current limiter

- 1. Supply Voltage
- 2. Gnd, Output Pin Driver
- 3. Additional VSYNC input
- 4. Read counter Reset
- 5. FIFO Read Enable
- 6. FIFO Write Enable
- 7. FIFO Write counter Reset
- 8. Horz. Drive Output
- 9. Horz. Flyback Input
- 10. Safety Input
- 11. Vertical Protection Input
- 12. Select of H-Drv Freq. Range
- 13. Clock Sel 40.5 or 27/32MHz
- 14. Clock select 27/32 MHz
- 15. Range Switch2, Measure ADC
- 16. Range Switch1, Measure ADC
- 17. Sense ADC Input
- 18. Ground, MADC Input
- 19. Differential Vert Sawtooth Out
- 20. Differential Vert Sawtooth Out
- 21. E/W Output
- 22. Reference Input for RGB DACs
- 23. Scan Velocity Modulation
- 24. Analog Output Red
- 25. Analog Output Green
- 26. Analog Output Blue
- 27. Ground, Analog Back-end

- 28. Sup Volt, Analog Back-end
- 29. VRD/BCS DAC Ref, Beam Current Safety
- 30. Fast-Blank1 Input
- 31. Analog Red1 Input
- 32. Analog Green1 Input
- 33. Analog Blue1 Input
- 34. Fast-Blank2 Input
- 35. Analog Red2 Input
- 36. Analog Green2 Input
- 37. Analog Blue2 Input
- 38. Test Pin
- 39. Reset Input, active low
- 40. PWM out
- 41. PWM out
- 42. Half-Contrast
- 43...50. Picture Bus Chroma
- 51. Supply Volt, Digital Circuitry
- 52. Ground, Digital Circuitry
- 53. Sys. Clock Input(27/32/40.5MHz)
- 54...61. Y0 Picture Bus Luma
- 62. Single LLC Input(13.5/16MHz)
- 63. Horizontal Sync Input
- 64. Vertical Sync Input
- 65. Analog Crystal Out (5-MHz Security Clock)
- 66. Analog Crystal In (5-MHz Security Clock)
- 67. I2C-Bus Data
- 68. I2C-Bus Clock

AK41 CHASSIS MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS PROCEDURE

A) PRELIMINARY

Before starting with the alignment procedure, make sure that all the potentiometers on the chassis and also screen and focus pots are in the medium position.

B) SYSTEM VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT

Inputs -AC power (220V 50 Hz).

- PAL B/G test pattern via RF

(PAL I test pattern for PAL I TV's, SECAM D/K pattern, SECAM L/L'/K' TV's).

Outputs - Digital voltmeter to anode of D110.

Display - System voltage

Action - Apply power. Check that The stand-by led lights.

- Select TV mode and tune to the applied test pattern via local test keyboard.

Chassis should start normally.

- Adjust all analogue controls (volume, bass, treble, brightness, contrast, colour) to minimum settings.

-Adjust VR127 according to the following different types of CRT's

SYSTEM VOLTAGE TYPE OF CRT

 135V±0.5V
 PHILIPS A66EAK552X54

 135V±0.5V
 PHILIPS A66EAK071X54

 135V±0.5V
 VIDEOCOLOR A66ECY13X12

 135V±0.5V
 PHILIPS W66ESF002X44

C) AFC ADJUSTMENT

Inputs -AC power.

- 38.9 MHz test pattern for PAL B/G, PAL-SECAM B/G or 39.5 MHz test pattern for PAL I model

(90dBmV) to Z403 SAW filter input terminals 1 and 2.

Outputs - Digital Voltmeter to AFC point (pin22 of IC401)

Display - AFC Voltage.

Action - Adjust VL401 for 2.5±0.1 Volts. TV should automatically tune to a station when

search tuning is activated.

D) FOCUS ADJUSTMENT

Inputs -AC power

- PAL B/G test pattern via RF input.

Outputs - Picture tube drive.

Display - Picture

Action - Select TV mode and tune to the signal.

-Adjust focus potentiometer (the upper pot on the rear side of the FBT transformer) for optimum

focusing.drive.

E) SCREEN ADJUSTMENT

Inputs -AC power

- PAL B/G Colour Bar test pattern via RF

Outputs - 1/100 Oscilloscope probe to RGB cathodes on CRT baseboard.

NOTE:Ground pin of probe will be connected to 1st pin (GND) of the CRT socket.

Display - RGB ratio

Action - Select PAL B/G Colour Bar pattern using the local test keyboard and the user remote control unit.

- Adjust all control functions (brightness, colour and contrast) to minimum settings.

- Measure the most sensitive cathode

-Adjust the screen potentiometer (lower pot on the rear side of FBT transformer) until cathode voltage

becomes 150V.

F) IF ADJUSTMENT FOR L' MODE

Inputs -AC power.

- 38.9 MHz test pattern for PAL B/G, PAL-SECAM B/G or 39.5 MHz test pattern for PAL I model.

(90dBmV) to Z403 SAW filter input terminals 1 and 2.

- Digital Voltmeter to AFC point. (pin22 of IC401)

- Digital Voltmeter to AFC L point. (pin14 of IC401)

Display - AFC Voltage.

- Firstly adjust VL401 for 2.5 ± 0.1 Volts. TV should automatically tune to a station.

when search tuning is activated.

- Adjust VR401 for 2.5±0.1 Volts at the AFC L point.

AK41 CHASSIS PRODUCTION MODE ADJUSTMENTS PROCEDURE

A) PRELIMINARY

All system, geometry and white balance alignments are performed in production service mode. Before starting the production mode alignments, make sure that all manual alignments are done correctly. To start production mode alignments enter the MAIN MENU and enter the code 1675 by pressing digit keys. Production mode items will appear on the screen. Production mode groups will be displayed with different colours of headlines, so in order to access a production alignment group press the colour key of the related group on the remote control transmitter. After selecting one of the production service mode groups, you can access its items by pressing the cursor-up and/or cursor-down keys. You can change the value of an item by pressing cursor-left and/or cursor-right keys on the remote control transmitter.

In order to switch between other group of items press the colour key of this groups headline.

To store the settings press OK key. In order to leave this menu press MENU key.

B) HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL GEOMETRY ALIGNMENTS

- Switch the program to crosshatch test pattern.
- Press RED key to access this group of item.
- Select the items by pressing cursor-up and/or cursor-down keys.
- Adjust the item by pressing cursor-left and/or cursor-right after selecting that item.
- Store the settings by pressing OK key.
- Switch to another item group by pressing the colour keys of the related coloured headline of that group.
- Exit production mode by pressing the MENU key on the remote transmitter...

1) V-SHIFT

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till the test pattern is vertically centred, i.e. horizontal line at the centre of the test pattern is in equal distance both to upper and lower side of the picture tube. Check and readjust V-SHIFT item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done

2) V-SIZE

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till horizontal black lines on both the upper and lower part of the test pattern become very close to the upper and lower horizontal sides of picture tube and nearly about to disappear. Check and readjust V-SIZE item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

3) H-SHIFT

- Adjust H-SHIFT item by pressing cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till test pattern is horizontally in equal distance both to right and left sides of the picture tube. Check and readjust H-SHIFT item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

4) H-SIZE

- Adjust H-WIDTH item by pressing cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till no under-scan condition will happen, i.e. no white bars on the left and right side of the test pattern will be visible nor the picture will be so wide. Check and readjust H-WIDTH item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

5) S-COR

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till the size of squares on both the upper and lower part of test pattern become equal to the squares laying on the vertical centre of the test pattern. Check and readjust S-COR item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

6) LINRT

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till all the size of squares of the test pattern become in equal size from the top of the screen to its bottom of the whole screen. Check and readjust LINRT item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments (especially after than S-COR adjustment are done.

7) ANGLE

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till the vertical lines of the crosshatch pattern become completely perpendicular to horizontal lines without any angle of vertical deviation. Check and readjust ANGLE item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

8) BOW

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till the vertical lines especially ones close to the left and right sides will of equal and symmetrical bending, i.e. they together will neither be towards left side nor right side. Check and readjust BOW item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

9) TRPEZ

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till vertical lines, especially lines at the sides of the picture frame became parallel to the both sides of picture tube as close as possible. Check and readjust TRPEZ item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

10) PARAB

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till vertical lines close to the both sides of the picture frame become parallel to vertical sides of picture tube without any bending to left or to right side of the screen.. Check and readjust PARAB item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

11) U. COR

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till vertical lines at the upper corners of the picture frame become vertical and parallel to vertical corner sides of picture tube. Check and readjust U. COR item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

12) L. COR

- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till vertical lines at the lower corners of the picture frame become vertical and parallel to vertical corner sides of picture tube. Check and readjust L. COR item if the adjustment becomes improper after some other geometric adjustments are done.

C) VIDEO ALIGNMENTS

- Switch the program to crosshatch test pattern for geometric adjustments.
- Switch the program to colour bar test pattern for video adjustments.
- Press GREEN key to access this group of item.
- Select the items by pressing cursor-up and/or cursor-down keys.
- Adjust the item by pressing cursor-left and/or cursor-right after selecting that item.
- Store the settings by pressing OK key.
- Switch to another item group by pressing the colour keys of the related coloured headline of that group.
- Exit production mode by pressing the MENU key on the remote transmitter..

1) RGn, GGn, BGn: WHITE BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

- Apply WHITE test pattern via RF.

Adjust all analogue functions to medium level and set GGn, RGn, BGn at value 80, if needed.

Use Colour analyser and monitor the colour temperature (X, Y) on colour analyser.

Select RGn and BGn by cursor-up and/or cursor-down buttons and change the values by cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till the following values are read:

X=285±10

Y=293±10 on the colour analyser.

2) RRf, GRf, BRf

Set the values of these items as 62 (constant).

3) YDF

Apply COLOUR BAR test pattern.

Select YDF item cursor-up and/or cursor-down buttons.

Adjust YDF by pressing cursor-left and/or cursor-right buttons till the colour transients on the colour bar pattern becomes as sharper and possible as colours between transients do not mix with each other. Check and readjust YDF item if the adjustment becomes improper after YDV adjustment is done.

4) AGC

Apply PAL BG signal, VHF-3 Channel-12 and 60dBmV RF signal level.

Adjust AGC item till voltage at the AGC point (pin1 of the tuner) becomes 3.0 volts.

5) TLAN

This item and its settings will be defined later.

6) APS

This value of this item toggles between ON and OFF while pressing the cursor-left and cursor-right after this item is selected by cursor-up and/or cursor-down buttons.

In order to activate APS installation procedure whenever TV is turned select ON for the very first time.

In order to start TV without APS installation procedure select OFF.

7) T_T

This item is used for the Tuner Selection.

SAM, THO, SIE, ALP, MK2 and MK3 are for Samsung, Thomson, Siemens, Alps and Philips MP2/MP3, respectively.

8) T P

This item is used for the Tuner Selection.

SAM, THO, TEM, and MK2 are for Samsung, Thomson, Temic, and Philips, respectively.

9) EXT3

This item is toggles between ON and OFF and is used to enable and disable EXT3, respectively.

10) CLT

This item is used to set the Menu colors. 5 choices are possible.

D) SERVICE ALIGNMENTS

IMPORTANT: There will no adjustments in this service mode during production mode alignments.

- Press BLUE key on the remote transmitter when Production mode is active.
- Press the colour key of the related item group's headline colour
- Press cursor-up and/or cursor-down to select the item of the group
- Press cursor-left and/or cursor-right to alter the value of the item.
- Press OK to store the values of items and MENU to exit the service alignments mode.

1) ADJUSTMENTS GROUP

Press RED key on the remote transmitter in order to access this group of items.

PIP CNTRST , level of the PIP picture

PIP YDelay , luma delay of the PIP picture

PIP Frame , color selection of the PIP frame. (edges of the PIP)
EHTHP , EHT compensation coefficient for horizontal phase
EHTH TC , EHT time contant for horizontal phase compensation
EHTH , EHT compensation coefficient for horizontal amplitude
EHTV , EHT compensation coefficient for vertical amplitude

EHTVTC , time contant for control of vertical and horizontal amplitude EHT compenzation. (0 means off.)

OSD LEVEL , contast level of the OSD INIT NVM , to initiate the NVM

2) OPTIONS GROUP

- Press BLUE key on the remote transmitter in order to access this group of items.

0. HPHONE , on / off 1. CRT , 4:3 / 16:9 2. S-VHS , on / off

3. f(IF) , always set to 38.9 4. Türk. , turkish menu on/off

5. VGA , on / off

6. FRONT , Front AV on/off

3) SYSTEM GROUP

- Press YELLOW key on the remote transmitter in order to access this group of items.

0. PAL B/G , on / off 1. PAL D/K , on / off 2. PAL I , on / off 3. SECAM B/G , on / off 4. SECAM D/K , on / off 5. SECAM L/L' , on / off 6. AUST. , on / off

GENERAL BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CHASSIS AK41

